Department of Health and Human Services

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

PENETRATION TEST OF THE ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES' COMPUTER NETWORKS AND EXTERNAL WEB APPLICATIONS

Inquires about this report may be addressed to the Office of Public Affairs at Public.Affairs@oig.hhs.gov.

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Although our penetration testing did not result in unauthorized access to the Administration for Children and Families’ network, we identified three areas of vulnerability that, if addressed, could strengthen the security of its external Web applications and wireless networks.

This summary report provides an overview of the results of our audit of the Administration for Children and Families’ (ACF) external Web applications and wireless networks. It does not include specific details of the vulnerabilities that we identified because of the sensitive nature of the information. We have provided more detailed information and recommendations to ACF so that it can address the issues we identified. The findings listed in this summary reflect a point in time regarding system security and may have changed since we reviewed these systems.

WHY WE DID THIS REVIEW

Computer hackers are increasingly compromising Government systems, publishing sensitive data, and using stolen data to commit fraud. Threats to Federal agency computer networks and Web applications are continually changing because of advances made by hackers, the release of new technology, and the deployment of increasingly complex systems. Web sites that are not properly secured are vulnerable to unauthorized users who could compromise the confidentiality of sensitive information or negatively affect the operations of Federal agencies.

ACF’s information technology investments include systems that support operations for grants management, child support enforcement, foster care and adoption programs, and Head Start programs. Some of these systems (1) support the collection and processing of personally identifiable information, such as names and Social Security numbers of individuals and families receiving assistance under ACF programs; (2) interface with other Federal and State agency systems; and (3) provide essential data to assist law enforcement and to help reduce costs in Federal and State programs.

Our objective was to determine whether ACF’s external Web applications and network were vulnerable to compromise through cyber attacks.

HOW WE CONDUCTED THIS REVIEW

We assessed the ACF network’s exposure to cyber attacks by performing penetration testing of its network and Internet-facing systems. Penetration testing is an authorized attempt to locate and exploit vulnerabilities. The purpose of our testing was to determine whether the ACF network could be exploited so that unauthorized users could execute commands on ACF systems.

We conducted penetration testing from July 10 through September 19, 2014, with the knowledge and permission of ACF officials. We requested that ACF’s incident response staff not be notified of our testing to assess the effectiveness of ACF’s intrusion detection and response controls.
We conducted the performance audit described here in accordance with generally accepted
government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to
obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and
conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a
reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

WHAT WE FOUND

Although we did not obtain unauthorized access to the ACF network, we identified issues that
could lead to a cyber security incident involving ACF systems and data, given enough time and
persistence by malicious computer hackers. We identified vulnerabilities in two primary areas:

- Web applications—We identified Web application vulnerabilities on selected ACF
  external Web applications. Our testing revealed a total of 240 Web application
  vulnerabilities on ACF Web applications. We analyzed the results, reviewed the analysis
  with ACF, and summarized the vulnerabilities into 31 weakness categories.

- Wireless networks—We identified 3 vulnerabilities on ACF’s wireless networks.

WHAT WE RECOMMENDED

We made detailed recommendations to ACF that address the Web application and wireless
network vulnerabilities we identified. We shared with ACF information about our vulnerability
scan findings immediately following the scan and informed ACF about other preliminary
findings in advance of issuing our draft report. These recommendations should further
strengthen the information security of ACF’s external Web applications and wireless
networks. Because of the sensitive nature of our findings, we have not listed the detailed
recommendations in this summary report.

ACF COMMENTS

In written comments to our draft report, ACF concurred with all of our recommendations and
described actions it has taken and plans to take to implement them.